

# Writing Shaders Today: Complexity Abounds

- Shader codebases have become incredibly large & complex
- Developers need to deploy to many platforms
- Shader combinatorial explosion
- Fragile manual data binding models
- New graphics techniques & neural graphics discontinuity



# Slang: Open-Source and Cross-Platform



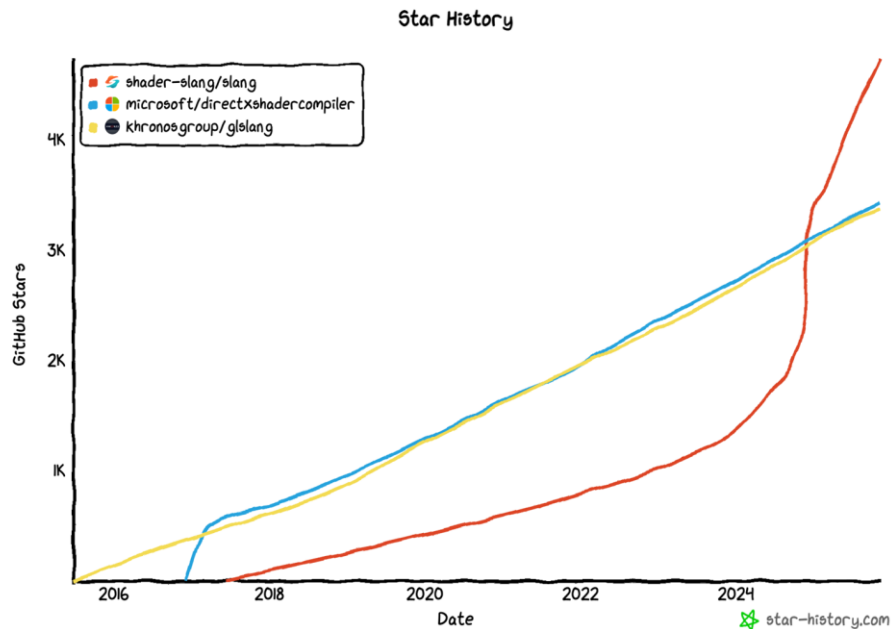
# The Slang Developer Community

Developer interest continuing to grow!

- 4700+ GitHub Stars, >60 active contributors
- >1000 Discord members, lively discussion threads



Join us on Discord!

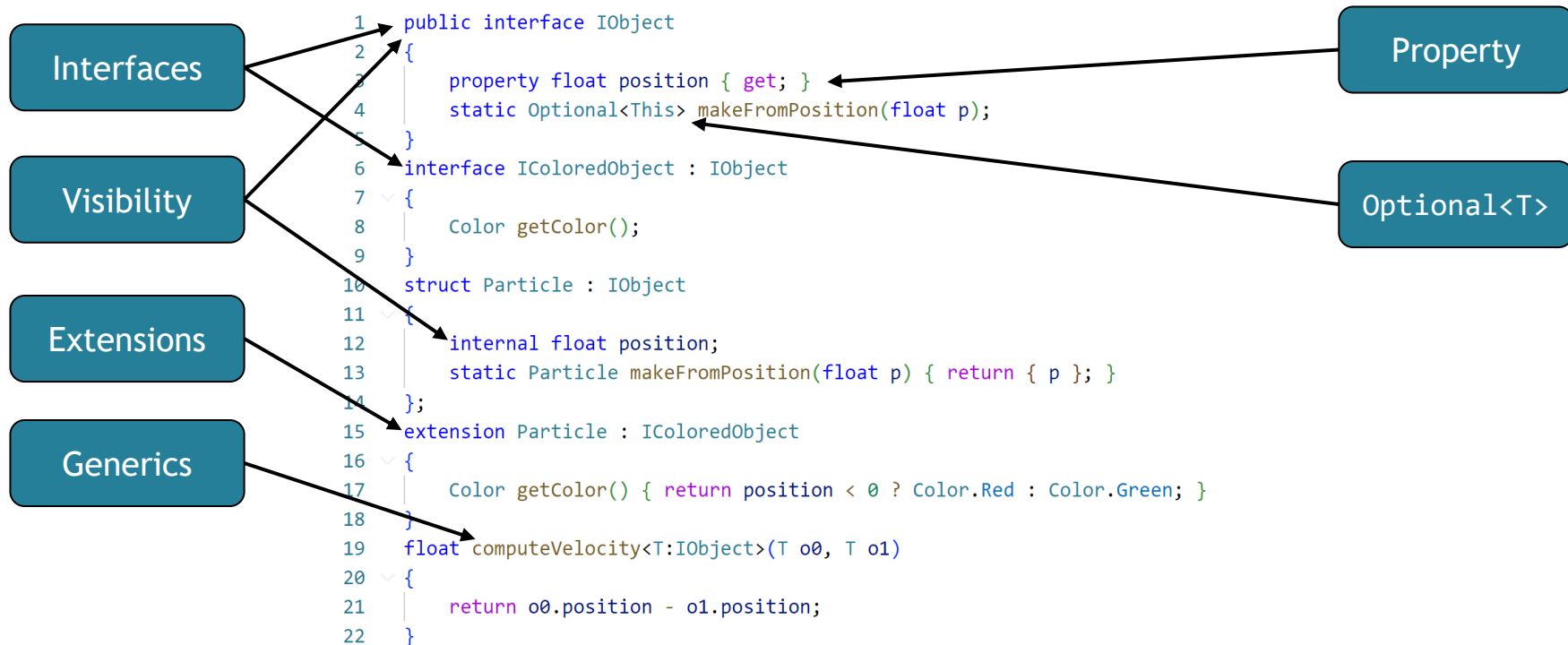


Try it out on the web: <https://try.shader-slang.org>

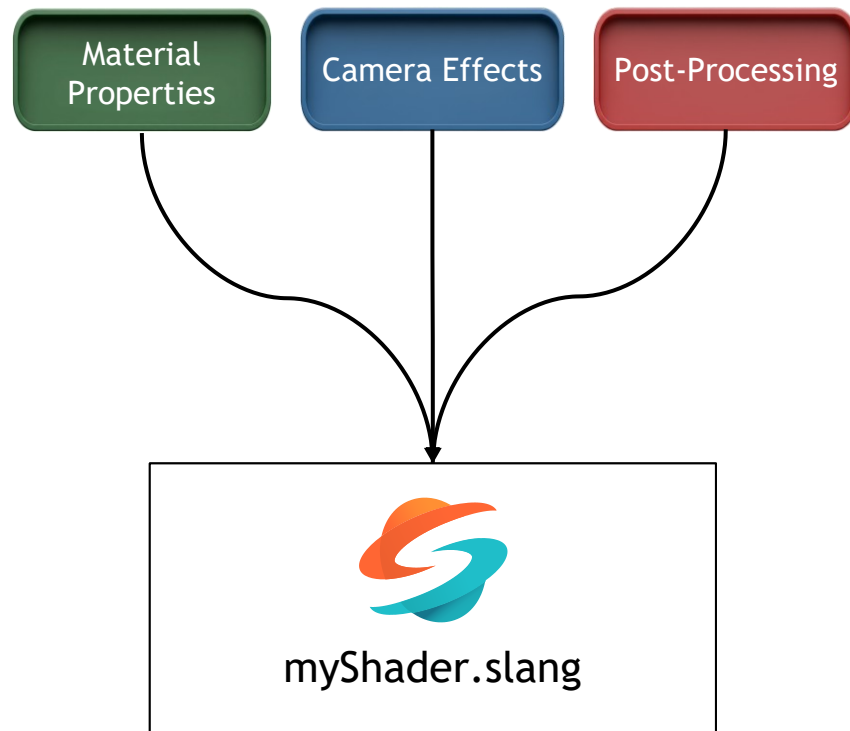
See the documentation: <https://docs.shader-slang.org>



# Modern Features for Modern Shaders



# Modules



# Modules: Organizing Your Code

```
// material.slang
```

```
module material;
```

```
public struct Material {
```

```
    public float4 evalBRDF(float3)
```

```
    { /* ... */ }
```

```
    internal float4 myPrivateMethod()
```

```
    { /* ... */ }
```

```
    private float4 m_someVar;
```

```
}
```

Begin your module definition with **module**

Use **public** declarations to create types, methods, and functions visible to importing modules

**internal** declarations are only visible inside the current module.

If no visibility modifier is provided, all declarations default to **internal**

**private** declarations are only visible inside the current *type*



# Modules: Organizing Your Code

```
// material.slang  
module material;
```

```
public struct Material {  
    public float4 evalBRDF(float3)  
        { /* ... */ }  
    internal float4 myPrivateMethod()  
        { /* ... */ }  
}
```

Pull in modules with `import`

```
// scene.slang  
import material;
```

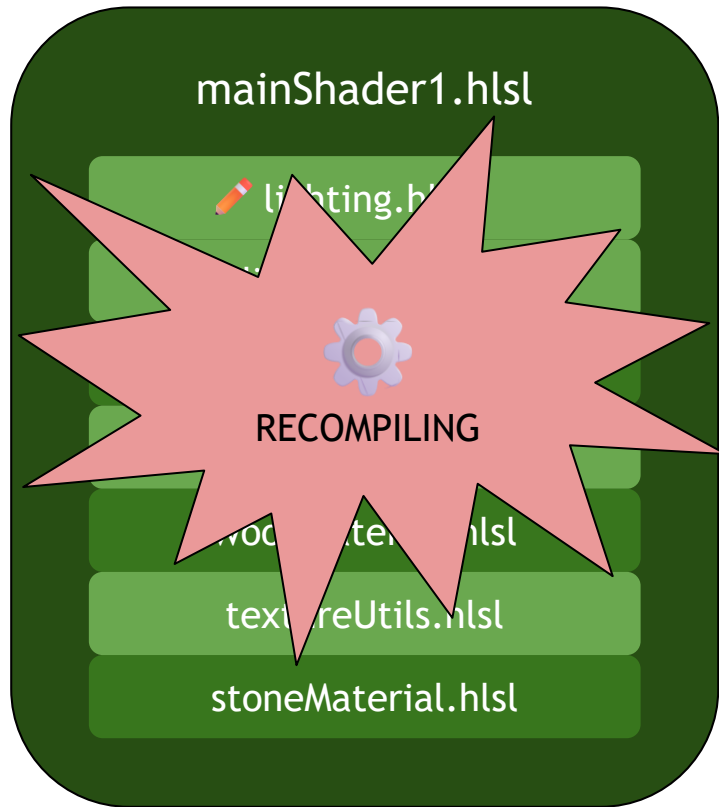
```
struct Scene {  
    StructuredBuffer<Material> materials;  
  
    void compute(float3 wi, float3 wo) {  
        float4 result =  
            materials[0].evalBRDF(wi, wo);  
  
        materials[0].myPrivateMethod();  
    }  
}
```

Visibility enforcement as you type

ERROR: 'myPrivateMethod' is not accessible from the current context

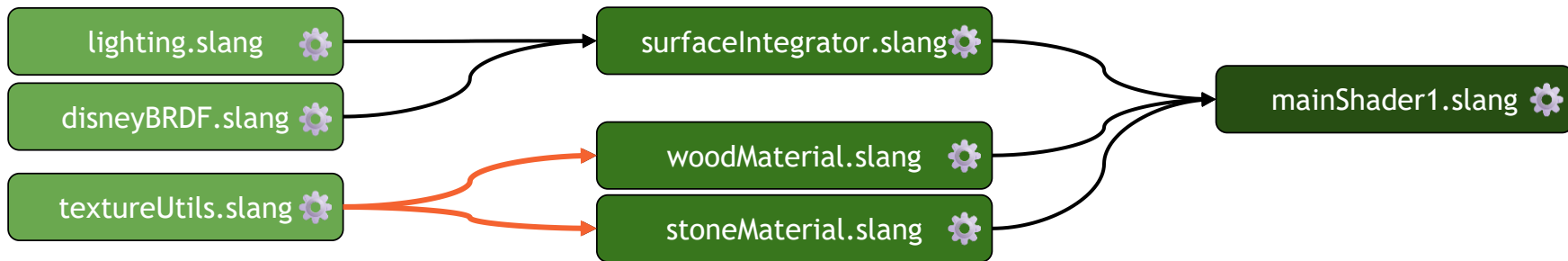
# Modules: Streamline Compilation

#include-style with HLSL, GLSL, MSL



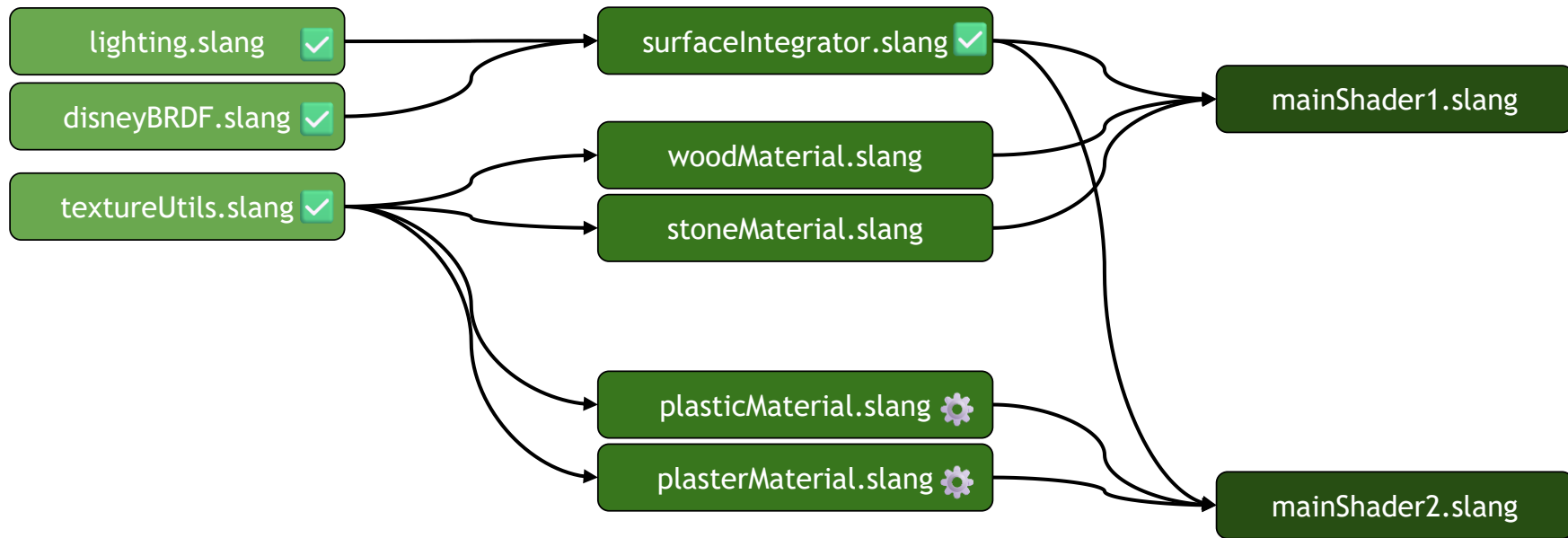
# Modules: Streamline Compilation

`import`-style with Slang



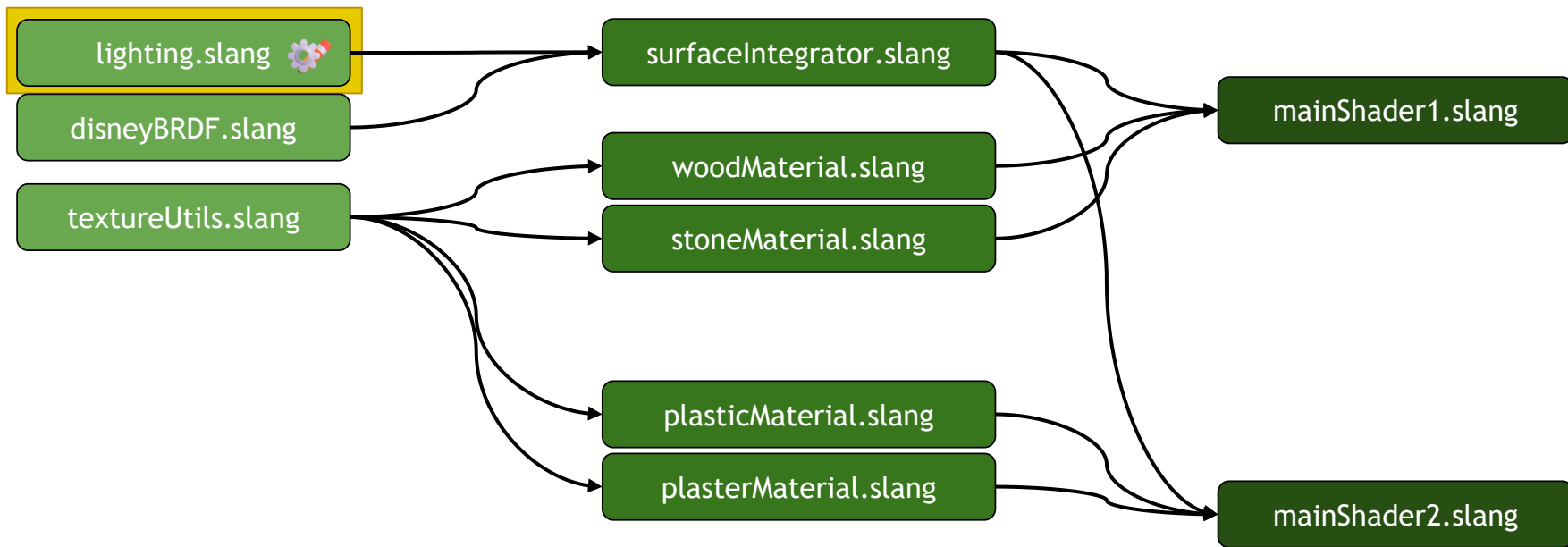
# Modules: Streamline Compilation

`import`-style with Slang



# Modules: Streamline Compilation

`import`-style with Slang



# Specialization with Interfaces & Generics

## Interfaces

- Define a contract for behavior
- Swap implementations without macros or copy/paste
- Enforce correctness at compile time

```
public interface IBrdf {  
    // Required method for evaluating the BRDF  
    float3 eval(float3 n, float3 v, float3 l, float3 a);  
}  
  
public struct Lambertian : IBrdf {  
    float3 eval(float3 n, float3 v, float3 l, float3 a) {  
        // ... (implementation details)  
    }  
}
```

## Generics

- Reuse algorithms over a constraint
- Specialize to concrete code per use

```
public float3 shade<T : IBrdf>(T b, float3 n, float3 v,  
                                float3 l, float3 a) {  
    return b.eval(n, v, l, a);  
}
```

```
float3 c1 = shade(Lambertian(), n, v, l, albedo);  
float3 c2 = shade(GGX(), n, v, l, albedo);
```

# Fine-Grained Module API Control

## Properties

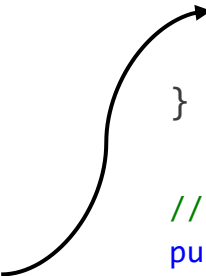
- Typed, declarative knobs (instead of `#define` toggles)
- Expose defaults - callers set them explicitly

Interfaces can make properties required

```
// material.slang
module material;

public interface IMaterial {
    property float roughness { get; }
    float4 evalBRDF(float3 n, float3 v, float3 l);
}

// A simple implementation of the interface
public struct SimpleMaterial : IMaterial {
    public property float roughness { get { return 0.8; } }
    public float4 evalBRDF(float3 n, float3 v, float3 l)
    { /* ... */ }
}
```



# Fine-Grained Module API Control

## Extensions

- Add methods to existing types without editing original code
- Great for optional features in separate packages

```
// material.slang
module material;

public interface IMaterial {
    property float roughness { get; }
    float4 evalBRDF(float3 n, float3 v, float3 l);
}
```

```
// In some other module...
import material;

extension IMaterial
{
    public float3 calcRefract(float3 view, float3 normal)
    { /* ... */ }
}
```

# Presence Patterns

## Optional<T>

- Runtime presence/absence with explicit checks
- Replaces sentinels/bitflags

```
import material;
float3 shadeObject(
    MyObject obj,
    Optional<IMaterial> overrideMaterial) {
    IMaterial matToUse;

    if (overrideMaterial.hasValue) {
        matToUse = overrideMaterial.value;
    }
    else {
        matToUse = obj.getDefaultMaterial();
    }

    return matToUse.evalBRDF(...);
}
```



# Presence Patterns

`Conditional<T, bool flag>`

- Compile-time presence/absence; strips storage and code when false
- public consts act as specialization params: use a source default or provide a value when compiling

`fullMaterial` contains  
`m_albedoMap` and `m_normalMap`

`simpleMaterial` contains only  
`m_normalMap`

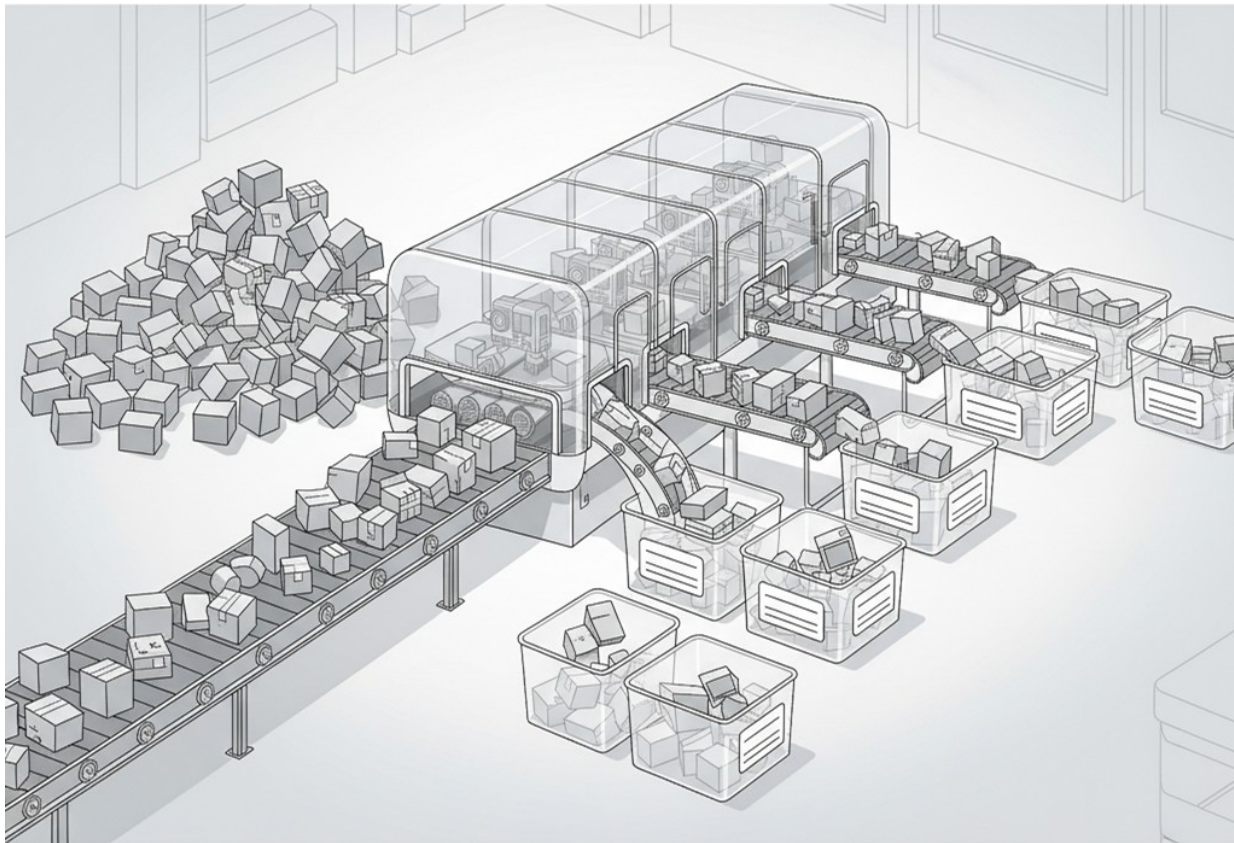
```
public struct SimpleMaterial<bool hasNormalMap,  
                             bool hasAlbedoMap> {  
    Conditional<Texture2D, hasAlbedoMap>  
    m_albedoMap;  
    Conditional<Texture2D, hasNormalMap>  
    m_normalMap;  
}
```

// in some other file...

```
StandardMaterial<true, true> fullMaterial;  
StandardMaterial<false, true> simpleMaterial;
```



# Shader Parameters & Binding Complexity



# Manual Slots vs. Logical Reflection

## HLSL

```
// myShader_v2.hlsl
[[vk::binding(3, 2)]]
Texture2D g_normalMap : register(t5, space2);
[[vk::binding(2, 2)]]
SamplerState g_sampler : register(s3, space2);
```

LoadShader("MyShader\_v1.hlsl");

myCmdList->SetTexture(1, g\_normalMapTexture);   
myCmdList->SetSampler(0, g\_mySampler); 

Engine-side code needs to know the binding points for shader parameters

And breaks if changes aren't made in parallel

## Slang

```
// myShader.slang
struct MyScene
{
    Texture2D g_normalMap;
    SamplerState g_sampler;
};

ParameterBlock<MyScene> g_scene;

layout = myProgram->getLayout();

normalVar =
    layout->findEntryByName("g_scene.g_normalMap");
samplerVar =
    layout->findEntryByName("g_scene.g_sampler");

myCmdList->BindParameter(normalVar, g_normalMapTexture);
myCmdList->BindParameter(samplerVar, g_mySampler);
```



# Manual Slots vs. Logical Reflection

## HLSL

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// myShader_v2.hlsl
[[vk::binding(3, 2)]]
Texture2D g_normalMap : register(t5, space2);
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SamplerState g_sampler : register(s3, space2);
```

```
LoadShader("MyShader_v1.hlsl");
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```
myCmdList->SetTexture(1, g_normalMapTexture);
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## Slang

```
// myShader.slang
struct MyScene
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    Texture2D g_normalMap;
    SamplerState g_sampler;
};

ParameterBlock<MyScene> g_scene;

layout = myProgram->getLayout();

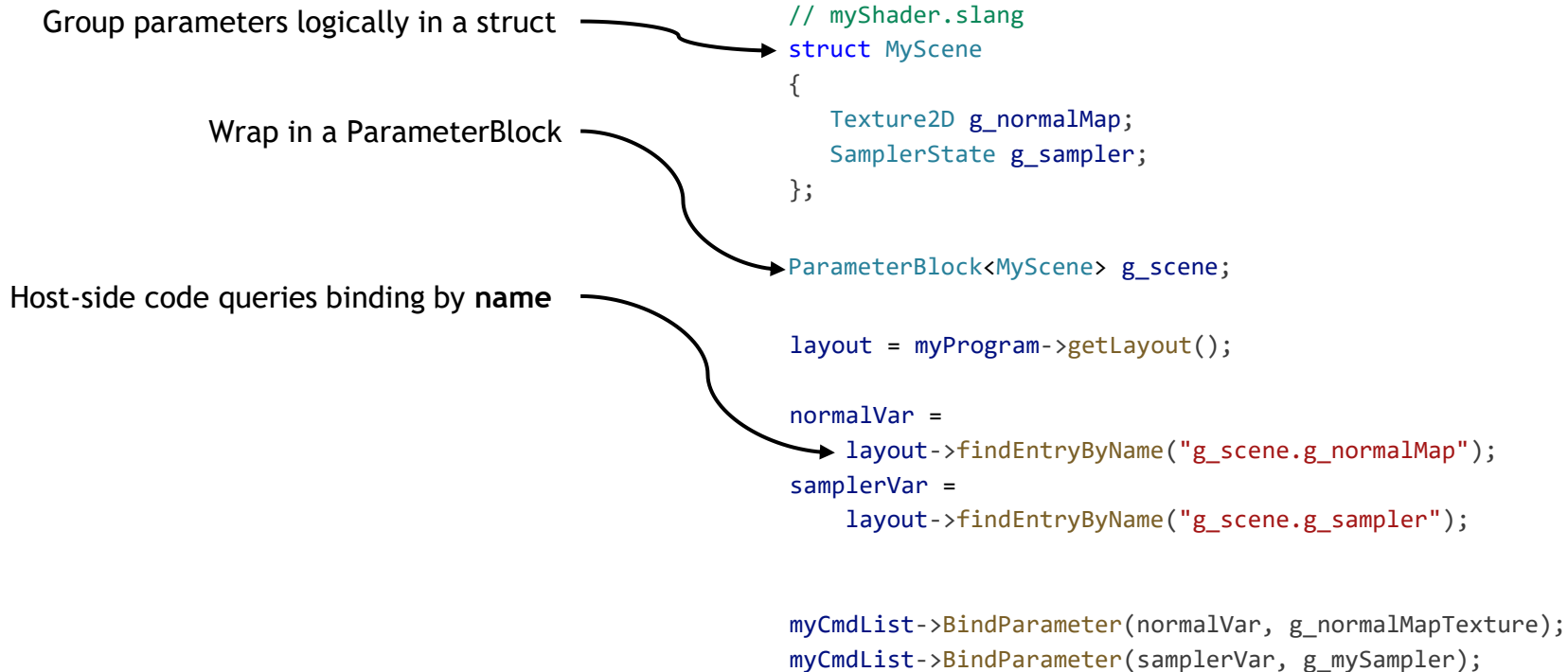
normalVar =
    layout->findEntryByName("g_scene.g_normalMap");
samplerVar =
    layout->findEntryByName("g_scene.g_sampler");

myCmdList->BindParameter(normalVar, g_normalMapTexture);
myCmdList->BindParameter(samplerVar, g_mySampler);
```



# Manual Slots vs. Logical Reflection

## Slang



# A Unified, Composable System

Use a struct to implement  
an interface

```
public interface IBrdf {  
    float3 eval(float3 n, float3 v, float3 l);  
}
```

...and also in your  
ParameterBlock

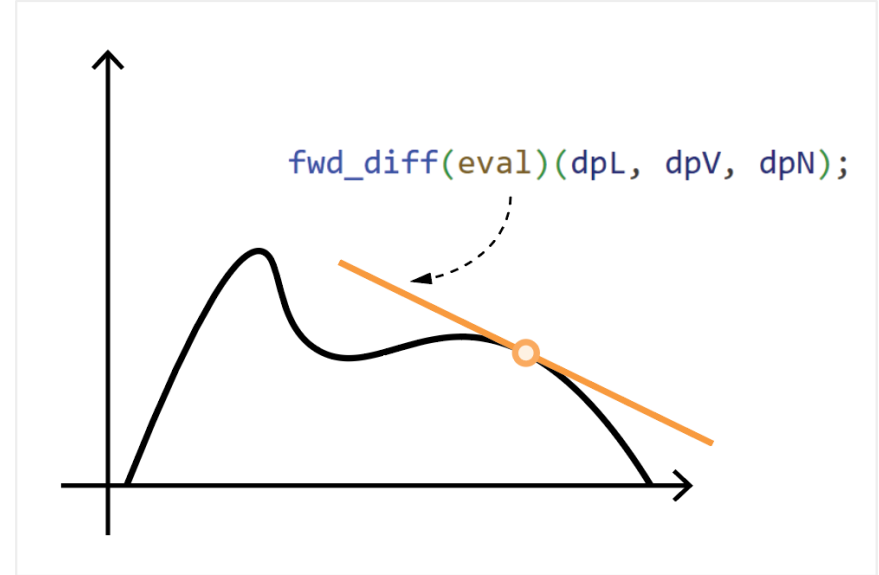
```
public struct Lambertian : IBrdf {  
    Texture2D g_albedoMap;  
    float3 g_tint;  
  
    public float3 eval(float3 n, float3 v, float3 l) {  
        float3 albedo = g_albedoMap.Sample(...) * g_tint;  
        return albedo / 3.14159;  
    }  
}
```

```
ParameterBlock<Lambertian> g_lambertianMaterial;
```

# Automatic Differentiation

## Your secret weapon for neural graphics

- Automatically compute exact derivatives for any function
- No manual gradient derivation required
- Supports arbitrary control flow and dynamic dispatch
- Enables any graphics function to become trainable



# SlangPy

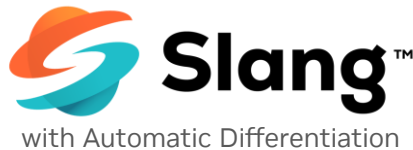
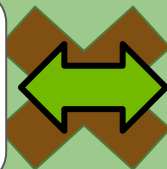
## Machine Learning



## Graphics



SlangPy



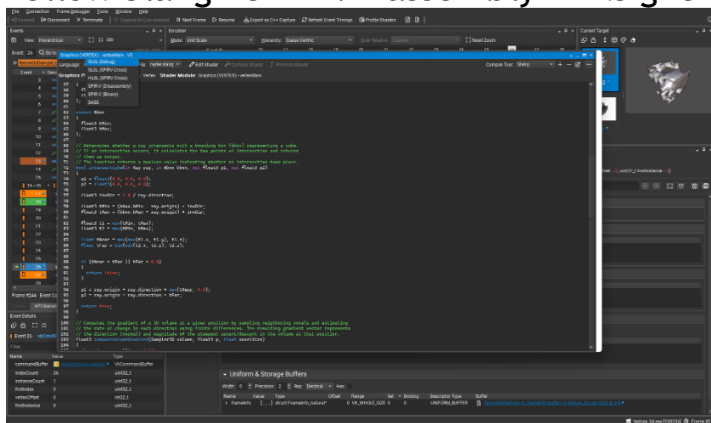
Shading Languages

Using work done in  
the other ecosystem  
is extremely difficult

# Slang Works With Your Favorite Tools

RenderDoc step-through debugging

Follow Slang->SPIR-V->assembly in Nsight



Visual Studio & VSCode Extensions and Language Server

```
D: > test.slang > computeMain
1 struct MyType
2 {
3     /** returns a value.
4     */
5     int getValue(int val) {return val * 2;}
6 }
7
8 void computeMain(uint3 threadIdx)
9 {
10
11 }
```



# Resources

Find all these details and more at [shader-slang.org](https://shader-slang.org)

Try it out in your browser

[try.shader-slang.org](https://try.shader-slang.org)

Watch Slang Videos

[khr.io/slangvideos](https://khr.io/slangvideos)

Dive into docs

[docs.shader-slang.org](https://docs.shader-slang.org)

Check out SlangPy

[slangpy.shader-slang.org](https://slangpy.shader-slang.org)

Watch the Neural Shading Course and  
other SIGGRAPH Materials



Join the Discord

